

THE STATE JOURNAL.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF TOPEKA.

By FRANK P. MACLENNAN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Forecast till 8 p. m. Tuesday: For Kansas—Fair; warmer Tuesday; variable winds.

The crank who is after Mrs. Lease seems to be traveling incognito as all cranks should.

The defeat of the "Governor's Pets" in the ball game Saturday, has an ominous sound.

Paris anarchists are going to get at the root of all their troubles by blowing up the guillotine.

The Populist police in Leavenworth in shooting colored people are trenching on the prerogatives of southern Democrats.

WICHITA Eagle: A man has been sent to jail at Sterling for stealing wheat. What on earth did he want with wheat?

MORE schooners went down at Chicago Saturday than at any time since the German village was removed from Jackson park.

HAYS CITY Sentinel: Seven ex-governors of Kansas are still alive. One might die, and yet there would be the same number next January.

The attention of bloodthirsty Secretary Osborn and his farmers with Winchester is directed to the fact that there is good sleighing in Michigan.

The heavy frost in Tennessee and Georgia makes it look like Tom Watson wouldn't have even the "corn cobs of Democratic reality" this year.

IF the Northern Pacific train stealers should run sixty miles an hour on certain Kansas railroads the problem of stopping them would solve itself.

DR. McCABE says that Mr. Prather only struck him a "light blow." He would probably have said the same thing if the statehouse had fallen on him.

By the time all the guilty alderman, judges and police officers are arrested in Chicago, there will scarcely be enough left to carry on the business of the municipality.

MESSRS. FERRY and Howerton must have felt quite lonely as they were the only members of the committee who were not made delegates to the state convention.

The senate bribery investigation is to be conducted behind closed doors. The committee is bound that if anything is wrong the public shall not know anything about it.

STAR and Kansan: The fellows who think a change in social and economic conditions isn't brewing would have been saying it wasn't going to be much of a shower if they had lived in Noah's time.

Now that Edwin Gould has broken a tendon in his leg playing tennis, common humanity demands that the brutal, barbaric game be modified or abolished. Resolutions should at once be prepared to that effect.

THE fact that Senator Landis, who is Mrs. Lease's opponent for the congressional nomination in the Seventh district, is going to raise 320 acres of corn this year is likely to make "the old woman," as Mr. Lease would say, madder than ever.

ANOTHER instance of the unkind way the Republican senators are treating the Democrats was their refusal to put monumental stone on the free list. It is carrying vindictiveness pretty far not to allow them to mark their political grave at reasonable rates.

NEW YORK TIMES: The senate of the United States is a body that cannot be killed, however obnoxious it may make itself to the people. Its life is virtually guaranteed by the constitution, for the one thing that cannot be amended out of that instrument is the equal representation of the states in the senate, except upon the practically impossible condition that they all consent to give it up. The senate cannot be got rid of without a revolution, but, as it threatens to become a deadly gangrene in our political system, it behooves the people to consider whether it can be cured.

THE FIXERS GAME.

The fixers in Shawnee county are again at the bat. Will they strike out or make home runs? Time will tell.

Experience is a great teacher, except to the Republican politicians of this county.

There is a goodly number of good men among the seventy selected on Saturday to be delegates and alternates to the state convention. But the slaughter of representative men who ought to have been named was terrific.

The game was so bold-faced that some of the worst mistakes were remedied by the convention after the nominating committee had been bullied and badgered by that prince of fixers and political tricksters, our old friend Quinton. He is still a factor in his line. But the convention tabled a few of his schemes.

The trouble in the Republican ranks is due to just this kind of trickery. It is unnecessary to the success of the party, but essential to the triumph of the individuals, whom the masses have asked to step aside.

The convention of Saturday would have acted with better grace had it nominated none who had been defeated at the ward primaries.

The incessant bulldozing of Mr. Quinton—and we say it advisedly because he was responsible for the main mistakes of the committee on nominations—was most plainly shown in seven instances, namely (1) the effort to force on Menoken township a delegate the Menoken people in the convention opposed; (2) the effort to give the Third ward a larger representation, seven, than was due; (3) to hold Topeka township down to two delegates, when four would have been nearer justice; (4) the smuggling in of the name of Wm. Higgins as an alternate; (5) the mixing up of the delegates so that the trickery might be overlooked—much of it would have been noticed at once had the delegates been presented by wards; (6) the selection of a chairman by a motion which was railroaded through the committee and the motion not even put by the chairman, Pat Coney; (7) the changing of the position of the name of Bill Higgins, as alternate from Dover township opposite the name of Anderson who is likely to be present, to opposite Padgett of Auburn, who is a storekeeper who would not leave his business on convention day.

The indignation of the convention was most noticeable, particularly among the masses in the audience. Most of the delegates lost their nerve and suppressed their real feelings. A. D. Hubbard started out to show up the trickery and made a stirring speech. He had the sympathy of many delegates who kept still and finally made a talk which showed he felt sorry that he allowed his honest convictions to come so strongly to the front.

When a Republican victory seems likely, the masses must have a whole lot of nauseous medicine stuffed down their throats. They may swallow it this fall and repudiate similar doses later, as they have in the past.

Rows in the state house and in other Kansas state institutions have become so common in the last year and a half that they attract comparatively very little of the attention of the public. This is one of the results of too much reform, and under the present reform government it is hardly unexpected. Under former administrations a row of the Prather-McCasey sort would have been considered most disgraceful; under the present order of things, however, the people have learned to expect nothing else. Vicious greed for public pay seemed to seize the Populist on his arrival to office as firmly as it ever did anybody else.

AFTER the Democratic state convention of Missouri was over at Kansas City last week, the chief of police issued the following encouraging bulletin: "During the time of the meeting of the Democratic convention, held yesterday and the day before, with thousands of strangers in the city, from every county in Missouri, there was not a robbery committed nor a person injured in any manner."

This is magnificent news indeed, and shows what the Christian influence of a few Republicans will do, even though it take years of personal association to accomplish the reform, and the Democrats should lose no haste in having several thousand more copies of this statement printed to use as a campaign document.

LEAVING party politics out of the question, it cannot be denied that a terrible condition exists among the laboring men of the west. There is distress on every hand, and the fact that men are compelled to support their families on less than \$5 a week, is unmistakable evidence that something is radically wrong with our national legislation. The employer is not to blame for this deplorable state of affairs. If the general depression and lack of a sufficient volume of circulating medium make it impossible for the employer to pay his men good wages on full time, he is equally unfortunate with them. Remonetize silver and remonetize it at once.

MR. ALBERT GRIFFIN of this city, writes a two column letter to the Leavenworth Times in which he presents many undisputable reasons why the Republicans should make a party issue of equal suffrage this year. If the Republicans do not do it the Populists will and whichever party does will be greatly strengthened thereby. It is a fact that equal suffrage is gaining in power daily, and if the question of the amendment is not settled affirmatively this year it will be at the next state election in 1896. The Republican party made a winning fight for that other great woman-born question—prohibition in 1890, and it could repeat the victory.

MEN'S SUMMER SUITS.

OLIVE HARPER OMITS WOMEN'S FASHIONS FOR A WEEK.

She Tells What She Knows About the Dress of Stylish Men—But Next Week She Will Return to Her Own Sex—Twilled Flannel and White Duck.

[Special Correspondence.]

New York, May 17.—To the uninitiated eye men's clothes look all alike, with differences so slight as to amount to nothing, but a visit yesterday to a "grand opening" of styles for men showed that there are many things worth noticing if only to give the men a little encouragement in their striving after the true, the good and the beautiful.



STYLES FOR MEN.

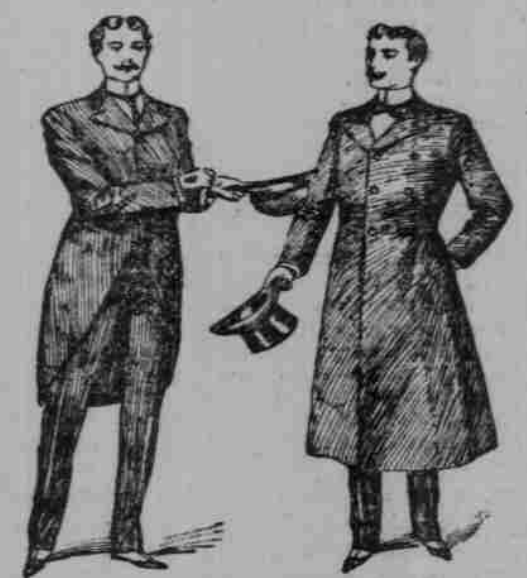
I was vaguely impressed with a sense of added dignity in the cut, shape or fashion of the newest coats, or it might have been because they are longer and more ample than they had that appearance. However it was, I noticed that all the men who were habited in the newest styles walked with measured steps and kept their chests out and their arms at a natural bend, but stiff as the traditional poker, and their neatly gloved hands were clinched, not too tightly, but still sufficiently to show that it was a matter of utter indifference about the spoiling of the shape of their gloves.

The first thing my attention was called to was the length of the coats. The "dovetail" cutaway coat reached to the bend in the knees and was gracefully curved up to the waist line. The sleeves were a little longer than they were last season, but no fuller on the shoulder. That would have been an improvement, I think—to have a medium sized leg of mutton top to the sleeve. The lapels and collar are of rather larger dimensions than I have noticed before. With a black serge coat of this description there were trunks of dull leather color, not very wide, and toothpick shoes of patent leather, gloves of terra cotta, a black satin four-in-hand and a black derby. That was a genteel suit and certainly looked well.

The next new style in coats was a Prince Albert of generous proportion, as far as the skirt was concerned. This reached below the knees and was double breasted. It was of black broadcloth, and the lapels were faced with black satin duchess. This coat looked as if it had been built without seams, it was so perfectly made. With it went a pair of invisible blue trousers, a small black satin stock tie and a hat that has a slight family resemblance to an old bell crown, but it is so glossy that it might serve for a mirror on a pinch. The gloves were of a subdued dove color.

There was another style of cutaway where the front was shorter waisted and the cutaway portion was taken off in a straight line from the lower button nearly to the back. This is more for business, I was told, and yet it was quite as swaggy as the other. To go with this style of coat when it is black there may be a colored neck tie, and trousers light or dark, and a derby hat, and gloves of any preferred color. The clerk said that all gentlemen wear gloves, even the prizefighters.

There is another frock coat that is much liked, and this is of black or very dark cloth and is single breasted, and I think the skirts are not quite so full. It is, if anything, a trifle more rigid and severe than the other and cannot be worn with any hat but a stovepipe, and the tie should be of light color and fine quality to match. Tan or pearl gloves are suitable to wear with this sort of a coat and black or very dark trousers. Every one wears the pointed shoes.



NEW CUTAWAY AND PRINCE ALBERT.

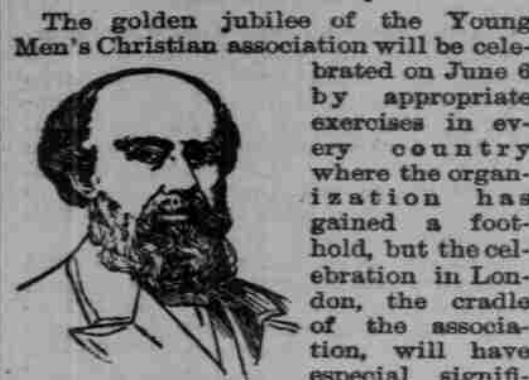
There was but one really comfortable coat shown, and that was a sack in fine dark blue diagonal serge. It was double breasted and had pockets intended for use. With this goes the soft Alpine hat, black in this instance. The trousers were of a bluish gray. The interesting young wearer carried a cigar in his mouth and wore drab "spats."

Among minor things I noticed many thin serge and twilled flannel coats for hot weather, with silk lining in the fronts and sleeves. Black serge is also shown to be worn like the other, with white duck trousers for country and sea-side. They don't say anything about wash bills, but they balance that perhaps with the new cashmere colored handkerchiefs.

OLIVE HARPER.

A GOLDEN JUBILEE.

The Y. M. C. A. About to Celebrate Its Fiftieth Anniversary.



The golden jubilee of the Young Men's Christian association will be celebrated on June 6 by appropriate exercises in every country where the organization has gained a foothold, but the celebration in London, the cradle of the association, will have especial significance and importance.

George Williams, the founder of the organization, now nearly 73 years old, will attend these exercises and tell how he came to start the Y. M. C. A. Delegates will be present from every one of the United States and from 17 other countries, and there will be almost as many languages spoken as there are countries represented. The corporation of the city of London has appropriated \$2,000 for the entertainment of the delegates, so that something of a civic aspect will be added to the religious character of the celebration.

The first Y. M. C. A. was organized June 6, 1844, at a meeting of the 80 clerks of the big London dry goods house of Hitchcock & Co., and its stated object was "to improve the spiritual condition of young men engaged in the drapery and other trades." Now there are 70 branches in London alone and 843 in the United Kingdom, while in the world at large there are 5,153 branches, with a membership close to 600,000 souls.

The first American branch was organized in Boston Dec. 29, 1851, and within two years there were branches in 26 other American cities. The convention of the American branches in Buffalo in June, 1854, was really the first conference in the history of the association, and the first international conference, which met in Paris in August, 1855, was also called under American auspices.

It is a notable coincidence that the Salvation Army was also started in London in June, 1844, and that organization, too, will have a big anniversary celebration in London next month.

A CANADIAN PATRIOT.

Joseph Royal Advocates Independence For the Dominion.

Joseph Royal, whose pamphlet in favor of Canadian independence has stirred up so much excitement in the Dominion, is a man of striking personality and remarkable strength of character. He was born in Montreal in 1837 and began his



JOSEPH ROYAL.

career as a journalist. It was in Le Nouveau Monde that he first attracted attention to his trait of thinking and acting for himself. Although a Conservative, he fought against his leader, Sir George E. Cartier, and the powerful corporation of the Sulpicians on the question of the division of the Catholic parishes of Montreal. It required much independence of character and energy to enter a campaign against such powerful opponents as Cartier and the Sulpicians, who wielded at that time an immense influence in Montreal.

Mr. Royal was elected to the Dominion parliament in 1880 by a Manitoba constituency and succeeded in having a committee appointed to study the feasibility of a railway from Winnipeg to Hudson bay. Out of this came the incorporation of the Hudson Bay Railway company, which will probably one day exert an immense influence on the development of the Canadian northwest. In 1888 Mr. Royal was appointed lieutenant governor of the Northwest Territories, a position which he held for the regular term of five years to July 1, 1893, and in which he was continued until last December.

In his social life Mr. Royal is charming, and his conversation is most attractive. He is possessed of a thorough and varied learning, speaks with facility both French and English and is equally popular with the leading men of both political parties. His intimacy with Lieutenant Governor Chapleau is personal as well as political, and a significant rumor has it that the manuscript of his pamphlet was submitted to and approved by Mr. Chapleau, at whose residence Mr. Royal spent a few days just prior to its publication.

This is not a matter of surprise in Canada, as it is well known that Mr. Chapleau has on several occasions pronounced in favor of independence, and that he went out of the Dominion government on account of serious disagreement between himself and his former colleagues on questions of the highest import.

Souvenir of Babel's Tower.

Bricks from what are believed to be the remains of the old tower of Babel are still found in great profusion at Birs Nimrud, Babylonia.



KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Mrs. M. D. Wood—Pythian Sisters of the World—Spear Points.

Sister Wood of Kansas City has been a zealous worker for the Order of Pythian Sisters ever since the supreme lodge, Knights of Pythias, granted in 1888 the ladies permission to establish the order. Mrs. Wood was born in New York in 1850 and was elected chief of the first temple organized Calantha, No. 1, of Missouri, April 15, 1889. She represented Missouri at the organization of the supreme temple and was appointed deputy supreme chief for Missouri and Kansas. During her active work she has personally instituted 22 subordinate temples. On Jan. 10, 1891, she was appointed supreme mistress of records and correspondence, which office she still holds.

C. C. Cross, G. K. R. S., has forwarded the certificates and jewels to each of the deputy grand chancellors of the lodges in the Massachusetts jurisdiction. John H. Gear, Iowa's new senator, is a Knight of Pythias.

The grand lodge of Ohio, K. of P., will meet at Springfield on May 23, when the date for dedicating the Pythian Widows and Orphans' home at Springfield will be fixed. Part of the home is already occupied by about 25 inmates.

The necessity of having a ladies' rank in connection with the Order of Knights of Pythias has now pretty well forced itself on the minds of those who are intrusted with the legislative power.

There was a net loss of 168 in the membership of the Minnesota jurisdiction during the past six months.

A new section of the endowment rank is being organized in San Francisco.

ODD FELLOWS.

Is Bro. Holly the Youngest Noble Grand? Gossip of the Order.

Frank L. Holly of Cincinnati is said to be the youngest noble grand in the world. He became of age Jan. 21, 1893, and was initiated in Crystal Found lodge of that city Jan. 24, was appointed warden shortly afterward, in July was elected vice grand and Jan. 9 last was installed noble grand of the lodge at the age of 21 years, 11 months and 18 days.

Recent donations to the New Hampshire Odd Fellows' home include about \$1,000 in money and a large quantity of groceries and other articles.

Don't forget or neglect to greet and welcome every visiting brother found in your lodgeroom. Angels have been entertained unawares.

No atheist is eligible to Odd Fellowship. "And now," said the new secretary, "you may all rise, and when I call the roll every man who is present may sit down. All the rest remain standing."

There is no age limit in Odd Fellowship, but the laws may make certain conditions of gradations as to benefit.

The Oregon grand lodge has levied an assessment of 25 cents per capita to build a home.

Grand Canton Pawtucket of Lowell, Mass., elected George S. Butler commandant and captain. The choice of the canton for general of the First brigade was Frank M. Merrill, and George F. Rogers for major of the Second battalion.

Grand Sire Campbell has appointed June 12 as memorial day.

Cook County lodge, Chicago, has added 60 new members during the past year.

Twenty-four past grand representatives have died since last memorial day.

The sovereign grand lodge meets at Chattanooga next September.

White Mountain lodge, Concord, N. H., has a membership of nearly 500 and a fund of \$20,000.

J. V. Grinstead has been elected grand master of Virginia and Major E. B. Branch grand lecturer at a salary of \$1,100.

Manitoba has 27 lodges and a membership of 1,063, an average of 72 to each lodge.

According to the law in Idaho, district deputies are required to officially visit lodges under them at least once every three months and exemplify the unwritten work.

American Legion of Honor.

The large increase in the order is spoken of everywhere. There are applications and initiations in almost every council.

Medical Examiner in Chief J. Foster Bush, M. D., was the guest of the associated councils of New York at its May meeting.

Death No. 8972, which appears on the last assessment call, is remarkable from the fact that the deceased companion who is thus recorded on the registry of deaths had paid into the benefit fund during his lifetime \$3,497.90.

Knights and Ladies of Honor.

The average length of membership of those who died in March was 8 years and 6 days.

There were 75 deaths on the April assessment call.

In the treasury there is a balance of \$15,860 to be applied to the May call.

The increase of membership in the order in Missouri has averaged 100 per month for three months past. The order has a present membership of 75,000.

Catholic Benevolent Legion.

Total number of new members admitted the past year, 3,704.

There were 413 deaths, 24 withdrawals and 3 expulsions.

Last year 1,104 members were suspended and 84 reinstated.

Total membership in the order Dec. 31, 1893, 31,772.

There was paid out in death benefits for the year the sum of \$782,000.

Order of Chosen Friends.

Supreme Councilor Morse has complimented Missouri on its good work.

The grand council of Missouri will celebrate the anniversary of the order in St. Louis.

Chosen Friends' day at the California Midwinter fair was a pronounced success. Supreme Councilor Howard H. Morse of New York made the principal address.

CAPITAL GROCERY,

109 E. SIXTH ST.

PHONE 308.

When you get tired of paying those high prices and want a decided change, we'd like to figure with you. If you've got deep into the habit of paying just what the fellow with the credit smile asks you, and have become his property in a business way, you'd better smash the combination, for it's costly. Our prices are the lowest in Topeka. Our goods the best.

2 lbs. fresh country Butter.....\$ 25
26 lbs. extra C Sugar..... 1 00
Red or white Colorado Potatoes..... 90
100 lbs. High pat. Flour..... 1 50
3 good Parlor Brooms..... 26
1 gal. Pickles..... 30
1 gal. Hickory Drip Syrup..... 35
3 gal. pail Syrup..... 75
Kansas Potatoes..... 70

Strawberries will be cheap tomorrow.

Silver knife and fork with pkg. coffee free.

California Bee Honey per comb.... 15
20c scrub Brush..... 10

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We wholesale flour. Call up telephone 308 and get our prices before you buy, if you want to buy flour cheap.

We ship goods in most every county in Kansas. Send for our wholesale or retail price list.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

CAPITAL GROCERY

109 E. SIXTH ST.

LOCAL MENTION.

State Superintendent Gaines has just issued the course of study for the Kansas Normal institutes. Vocal music has been added to the course, and a complete revision made.

Christine Fox has applied to the district court for a divorce from her husband, Henry Fox. She says he has failed to support her, and she wants her maiden name, Christine Rohde.

At the First M. E. church yesterday a special collection was taken and \$2,170 was raised. The money will be used to liquidate the church indebtedness and to repair the church. A new roof is to be placed on the church this summer.

U. F. Klingaman wishes it stated that he has nothing to do with the circulation of the Sunday Sun. It is learned at the police station that it is J. G. Klingaman who had decided not to circulate the paper.

The Marshall's band programmes this year are neat specimens of the lithographers' art. On the first page are the photo-cuts of Director J. B. Marshall, President Geo. M. Loscher, Secretary Geo. M. Seward, Treasurer H. G. Lecher and Steward D. C. Kline.

A prize oratorical contest will take place at Washburn college on the evening of Decoration day, May 30. The following have entered and will try to win the first prize of \$15, or the second prize of \$10: E. S. Secret, F. P. Strong, N. O. Bartholomew, Aaron Breck and Harry Whitford.

Professor Scott, principal of the preparatory department, Miss Carolyn Durkin, teacher of English literature and matron, and Mrs. Julia Gould Seibert, the vocal instructor, will return to Washburn college next year. Prof. F. W. Ellis and Prof. Fordyce P. Cleaves have decided to remain with the college another year.

The prize declamation contest at Washburn college will occur on Friday evening, June 8. Two prizes of \$15 and \$10 will be offered. The following will contest: J. S. Dague, P. E. Elliott, Cy Leland Jr., D. N. Wade, John Hyett and Misses Elizabeth George, Clara McDonald, Susie Guild and Anna Holman.

At the band concert yesterday afternoon at Garfield park by Marshall's band the pieces deserving special mention were the "American Excelsior March" by Brooks, "Dance Mexicans" by McCoy, "Robin Hood" by R. de Koven, and the "Russian Mazurka" by Ganne, "Schubert's Serenade" and the "Barber of Seville." The Friday evening concert will soon begin.

Yellow, Dried Up and Wrinkled. Is this the way your face looks? If so, try Berge's Blood Purifier and Blood Maker. It not only purifies the blood, but renews it, and gives your face a bright youthful appearance. Sold and warranted by W. R. Kennedy, 4th and Kas. Ave.

For Stomach

Bowel, Liver Complaints, and Headache, use

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

They are purely vegetable, sugar-coated, speedily dissolved, and easy to take.

Every dose

Effective